

## ABSTRACT

“All human beings are entitled to enjoy equal opportunities to develop their personality either someone healthy or disable”

The objective of this study is to explore the impact of vocational training on rehabilitation of disabled soldiers in the Sri Lanka Army and to examine the significant relationship that exists between vocational training and projects functioned under regiments. The study uses a descriptive approach using quantitative and qualitative methods. The primary phase was basically the data collection. Primary data were collected by using Simple Random Sampling (SRS) and Purposive Sampling which transformed in to structured questionnaires and interviews. Secondary data were collected by conducting empirical review of the literature relevant to the study in identifying main concept of theoretical frame work.

This study focuses on the object of ascertaining the reasons as to why the regiments are not being able to employ their disabled soldiers who have completed vocational training to meet the skilled labour requirements exist within organization in view of further developing their self confidence and their skills with the intention of exploring suitable job opportunities after their retirement. In order to achieve this objective, the study uses five research questions which were elaborated based on variables which are involved in the hypothesis developed in the study.

Researcher elaborates mainly on two important areas; firstly the vocational training conducted by Ranaviru Resource Centre and secondly the mechanism of various projects functioned under regiments. In this context, researcher explains various training courses conducted by RRC, compatibility of vocational training with disability, compatibility of vocational training with projects including the impact of vocational training and projects in relation with job opportunities available in the Sri Lanka Army followed by important recommendations to rectify the shortcomings emerged in the study.