

RESTRICTED

ABSTRACT

1. Spatial planning is the methods used by the public sector to influence the distribution of people and activities in spaces of various scales in order to improve the built, economic and social environments of communities. Separate professional disciplines which involve spatial planning include land use, urban/urban renewal, regional, transportation, economic and community planning. Spatial planning takes place on local, regional, national and inter-national levels and often results in the creation of a spatial plan.

2. Spatial Planning project in post conflict areas of Sri Lanka is an upcoming trend in modern military and civil society after 2009. Even though tri services of Sri Lanka also mostly associated with socio economic development system. As per the present situation young generations are increasingly adopting to seek development opportunities. This trend has created a rapid growth in challenges and future prospect of Sri Lanka. This research is mainly focus to examine the “Socio Economic Impacts of Spatial Planning by the Government in Post Conflict Areas in Sri Lanka”.

3. A variety of literature in the particular fields was gathered in order to identify specific elements of significant of challenges regarding socio economic situation. The most of the primary data was gathered using well-structured questionnaire. The researcher used random sampling method to examine the situation and the sample comprised of 100 respondents who live in Kilinochchi area with seeking and engaging spatial planning projects. The data analysis carried out using SPSS 16.0. Next examine of significant for every dimensions in this research. After that, analyses the major variables of infrastructure development, education development, communication and technology development, personal income and environmental sustainability regarding spatial planning and how to effect the socio economic development in post conflict areas in Sri Lanka. Finally, discuss the findings of the research and bring out the recommendations in order to better applications of future spatial planning and achieve a main goal of the project. The findings of the research is all independent variables having a strong relationship with the dependent variable of socio economic development.